ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಶಾಲಾ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ ಮತ್ತು ಮೌಲ್ಯನಿರ್ಣಯ ಮಂಡಲಿ
ಮಲ್ಲೇಶ್ವರಂ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು–560003

KARNATAKA SCHOOL EXAMINATION AND ASSESSMENT BOARD
Malleshwaram, Bengaluru-560003

S.S.L.C. MODEL QUESTION PAPER 2022-23

Subject : FIRST LANGUAGE ENGLISH

Time : 3.15 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Subject Code : 15 E

CCE-RF
Regular Fresh

General Instructions to the Candidate :

1. This question paper consists of objective and subjective types of 47 questions.

2. This question paper has been sealed by reverse jacket. You have to cut on the right side to open the paper at the time of commencement of the examination. Check whether all the pages of the question paper are intact.

3. Follow the instructions given against both the objective and subjective types of questions.

4. Figures in the right hand margin indicate maximum marks for the questions.

5. The maximum time to answer the paper is given at the top of the question paper. It includes 15 minutes for reading the question paper.

[Turn over

I. *Four* alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Only one of them is correct or most appropriate. Choose the correct alternative and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet : 6 × 1 = 6

1. Radha is <u>regular</u> to school.

   The negative prefix for the underlined word is

   (A) mis   (B) ir

   (C) un   (D) dis

2. He ate a <u>small</u> piece of cake.

   The part of speech denoted by the underlined word is a/an

   (A) adjective   (B) adverb

   (C) noun   (D) preposition

3. This is the man .... I was searching for.

    The appropriate word to be filled in the blank is

   (A) which   (B) when

   (C) whose   (D) whom

4.   I have a big <u>house</u>.

The word that rhymes with the underlined word is

(A)   Chase   (B)   Mouse

(C)   Maize   (D)   Toes

5.   She patted me .... the back.

The suitable preposition to be used in the blank is

(A)   for   (B)   along

(C)   on   (D)   in

6.   Paper has more patience than people.

The figure of speech used here is

(A)   Synecdoche   (B)   Metaphor

(C)   Simile   (D)   Personification.

II.   Observe the relationship in the first pair of words and complete

the second pair accordingly in the following :   4 × 1 = 4

7.   Too : To :: Some : ....

8. Justice : Justify :: Memory : ....

9. Mimick : Copy :: Valour : ....

10. Box : Boxes :: Duty : ....

III. Rewrite as directed : 3 × 1 = 3

11. Change the voice of the sentence :

The cat caught a mouse.

12. Add a suitable question tag :

You are coming tomorrow, ...

13. Frame a question to get the underlined words as answer :

His father goes to office _by car_.

IV. Answer the following questions in a sentence each : 7 × 1 = 7

14. Who read the letter written to God ?

15. How does the fog come according to the poet ?

16. Where are the trees moving out in the poem 'The Trees' ?

17. Name the gardener in the lesson 'A Triumph of Surgery'.

18. Why does Horace Danby rob the safe every year ?

19. Who is called Bholi ?

20. Why did Matilda's husband want to buy a gun ?

V. **Answer the following questions in *two* to *three* sentences each :**

$7 \times 2 = 14$

21. What twin obligations does Nelson Mandela mention ?

22. What were the topics for drawing and colouring contest in the lesson 'The Hundred Dresses' ?

23. Name the noble wild beast from the poem 'How to tell wild Animals' and describe it.

24. What does the narrator Hari Singh say about the different reactions of people when they are robbed ?

25. Why did Fowler feel let down while following Ausable to the room ?

26. What reasons did Griffin give to landlord's wife for coming to Iping ?

27. If Bill was a policeman, how would he treat Lutkin ?

OR

Why was the twentieth century often called the Era of the Book ?

[Turn over

VI. **Rewrite as directed :**   **3 × 2 = 6**

    28. Change the following sentence to reported speech :

        He said to me, "I can easily beat you in the long jump."

    29. Combine the sentences using

        a) too .... to

        b) so .... that

        This table is very heavy. I can't lift it.

    30. Change the following sentence into :

        a) Assertive Sentence

        b) Negative Sentence

        What a fool you are !

VII. **Answer the following questions in *five* to *six* sentences each :**

6 × 3 = 18

    31. Describe the scene on the brink of the edge when the young seagull pretended to be falling asleep.

    32. The presence of the baker in Goa is absolutely essential in various occasions. Discuss.

33. There is a change in the boy's attitude from being upset to learning from the loss. Present this idea in the background of 'The Ball Poem'.

34. How does the poem 'For Anne Gregory' focuses on the ideas of true love ?

35. How did Richard Ebright get a hint of what real science is ?

36. What did Valli find out about the bus journey through her neighbours ?

OR

Brief up the two legendary stories regarding discovery of tea as told by Rajvir.

VIII. **Explain with reference to the context :**   4 × 3 = 12

37. "Teachers are the most unpredictable creatures on earth."

38. "He's come to borrow money. Shan't give him any !"

39. And realio, trulio daggers on his toes.

40. But he's locked in a concrete cell,

[Turn over

IX.   **Quote from memory :**   **1 × 4 = 4**

41.   But if it ....

      ....

      ....

      ....

      .... suffice.

OR

      I am an ....

      ....

      ....

      .... chocolate, Amanda !

X.   **Answer the following questions in *seven* to *eight* sentences each :**

                                                          3 × 4 = 12

42.   Narrate any ten points of the incidents which made Siddhartha to

      become Buddha.

OR

      The woman in the control centre looked at the pilot strangely,

      when he enquired about another pilot. Substantiate.

43. What did Maxwell observe about otters in the first two days of its arrival ?

OR

Summarise any ten points of Nelson Mandela's speech on the day of inauguration.

44. How does poet compare humans to animals, focusing on the flaws of human nature.

OR

Discuss the underline message Robert Frost wants to convey through the poem 'Dust of Snow '.

XI. **Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below :** 1 × 4 = 4 (2 × 2)

It is not an easy thing to be a good citizen. To be a good citizen is as difficult as to be a good student. As a student will find it very difficult to overcome his laziness in order to be one of the best students in his class, so a citizen will find it extremely hard to be good unless he conquers his selfishness.

[Turn over

A good citizen always cares for his responsibilities than for his rights, more for his obligations than for his privileges. Of course, every citizen enjoys some privileges. A good citizen is always loyal. He is loyal to the constitution, because it stands for all that is best in the laws of his country. A good citizen is always devoted to the country. He thinks that as his parents gave him a natural life, so he owes his civic life to his country. He therefore, calls his country his motherland, and is ready to lay down even his life for the sake.

Questions :

45. a) How is a citizen compared to a student ?

    b) Why do we call a country a motherland ?

XII. Write an essay of about 18-20 sentences on any *one* of the following topics :   **1 × 5 = 5**

46. a) Role of newspapers in student's life.

    b) Ban Plastic – Control Pollution.

XIII. **Imagine you are Rajesh / Rajani of Government High School, Rajnagar, Karwar.**

47. Write a letter to your father describing your first experience in school hostel. $1 \times 5 = 5$

OR

Imagine you are Gagan / Gayatri of Government High School, Ashoknagar, Bangalore.

Write a letter to the Curator of a museum in Bangalore, seeking permission to visit the museum for educational purpose. Give details about the number of students and the date of the visit.