



**Government of Karnataka**  
**Karnataka School Examination and Assessment Board**  
**II Year PUC Supplementary Examination May/June – 2023**  
**SCHEME OF VALUATION**

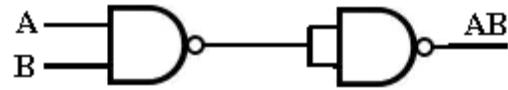
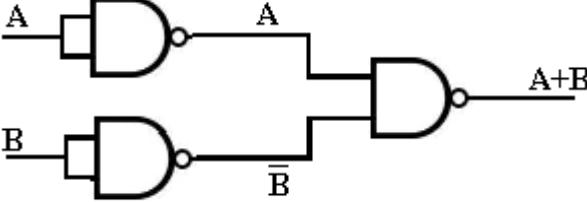
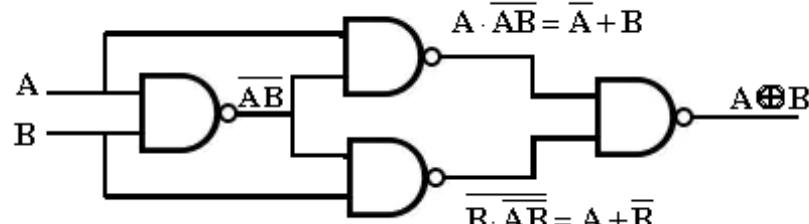
Subject Code: **40(NS)**

Subject: **ELECTRONICS**

| I<br>MCQ                  | PART - A           | MARKS<br><b>15x1 =15</b> |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. b)                     | no unit            | <b>1</b>                 |
| 2. c)                     | saturation region  | <b>1</b>                 |
| 3. a)                     | 0°                 | <b>1</b>                 |
| 4. b)                     | increases          | <b>1</b>                 |
| 5. d)                     | all of the above   | <b>1</b>                 |
| 6. a)                     | resistor           | <b>1</b>                 |
| 7. d)                     | $A\beta = 1$       | <b>1</b>                 |
| 8. a)                     | surface waves      | <b>1</b>                 |
| 9. b)                     | 2                  | <b>1</b>                 |
| 10. c)                    | thyristor          | <b>1</b>                 |
| 11. a)                    | Non-weighted code  | <b>1</b>                 |
| 12. a)                    | $\overline{A + B}$ | <b>1</b>                 |
| 13. b)                    | 32                 | <b>1</b>                 |
| 14. b)                    | 5                  | <b>1</b>                 |
| 15. a)                    | 6 GHz              | <b>1</b>                 |
| <b>II FILL THE BLANKS</b> |                    | <b>5x1 = 5</b>           |
| 16. d)                    | Electrons          | <b>1</b>                 |
| 17. c)                    | Heat sink          | <b>1</b>                 |
| 18. e)                    | Amplifier          | <b>1</b>                 |
| 19. b)                    | radio receiver     | <b>1</b>                 |
| 20. a)                    | arithmetic         | <b>1</b>                 |

| <b>PART B</b>             |   | <b>5x2 = 10</b>     |
|---------------------------|---|---------------------|
| <b>III.</b><br><b>21.</b> | <b>Any five of the following</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Provides excellent stability</li> <li>• Q points does not shift</li> </ul>    | 1<br>1              |
| <b>22.</b>                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Remove all dc source</li> <li>• Short all capacitors</li> </ul>  | 1<br>1              |
| <b>23.</b>                | $Z_{of} = Z_o / (1 + A\beta)$<br>$= 1.66 K\Omega$   | 1<br>1              |
| <b>24.</b>                | $F = 0.065 / R_c$<br>650 HZ   | 1<br>1              |
| <b>25.</b>                | <p><math>T_{j2} &lt; T_{j1}</math></p>  | 2                   |
| <b>26.</b>                | Definition<br>Truth table   | 1<br>1              |
| <b>27.</b>                | Any two comparisons   | <b>1+1</b>          |
| <b>28.</b>                | Arithmatic operator, Relation operator, Logical operator, Assignment operator, Bitwise operator   | <b>4x1/2=2</b><br>1 |
| <b>29.</b>                | Expansion<br>Application  | 1<br>1              |
| <b>PART C</b>             |   | <b>5x2 = 10</b>     |
| <b>IV</b><br><b>30.</b>   | <b>Any five of the following</b> <p>FET:- Unipolar<br/>Voltage controlled<br/>Low Noisy</p> <p>BJT :- Bipolar<br/>Current controlled<br/>More noisy</p> | 1<br>1<br>1         |
| <b>31.</b>                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Decrease in noise</li> <li>• Increase in input impedance</li> <li>• Decrease in output impedance</li> </ul>    | 1<br>1<br>1         |

|          |   |                    |
|----------|---|--------------------|
| 32.      | Circuit<br>$F=1/2\pi RC$  | 2<br>1             |
| 33.      | $F=1/2\pi VLC$ , $L=L_1+L_2$<br>Substitution and result $F= 15.9\text{KHz}$   | 1<br>2             |
| 34.      | Block diagram<br>Explanation of each block  | 1<br>2             |
| 35.      | AM :- Noise level is high<br>Adjacent channel interference is more<br>2 side bands<br><br>FM :- Noise level is low<br>Adjacent channel interference is low<br>Infinite of bands   | 1<br>1<br>1        |
| 36.      | $V_{dc} = \frac{V_m}{\pi} (1 + \cos 90^\circ)$<br>$= \frac{325.2}{3.142} (1 + \cos 90^\circ)$<br>$= 103.43 \text{ V}$<br>$I_{dc} = \frac{V_{dc}}{R} = \frac{103.43}{20} = 5.17\text{A}$   | 1<br>1<br>1        |
| 37.      | $Y = \overline{AB} + C$<br>$= \overline{AB}(\overline{C} + \overline{C}) + (\overline{A} + \overline{A})C \quad \left. \right\}$<br>$= \overline{ABC} + \overline{ABC} + AC + \overline{AC} \quad \left. \right\}$<br>$= \overline{ABC} + \overline{ABC} + AC(B + \overline{B}) + \overline{AC}(B + \overline{B}) \quad \left. \right\}$<br>$= \overline{ABC} + \overline{ABC} + ABC + A\overline{BC} + \overline{ABC} + \overline{A}\overline{BC} \quad \left. \right\}$<br>$= m_3 + m_2 + m_7 + m_5 + m_3 + m_1 \quad \left. \right\}$<br>$= \sum m(1, 2, 3, 5, 7) \quad \left. \right\}$ | 1<br>1<br>1<br>1   |
| 38.      | a) Color LCD screens<br>b) Digital cameras<br>c) Internet<br>d) GPS etc<br>e) Video conference<br>f) E-mail   | 3                  |
| V<br>39. | <b>PART D</b><br><b>Any five of the following</b><br><br>Ckt diagram with input and output waveforms<br>Explanation   | 5x5 = 25<br>2<br>3 |

|     |  |                  |
|-----|--|------------------|
| 40. | <p><b>Circuit</b></p> <p>Applying KCL at node</p> <p>Rearranging <math>i = \frac{dq}{dt}</math></p> <p>Replacing <math>q = cv</math>, Integrating on both sides</p> $V_0 = \frac{1}{RC} \int V_i dt$   | 1<br>1<br>1<br>1 |
| 41. | <p>Block diagram</p> <p>Explanation of each block</p>  | 2<br>3           |
| 42. | <p>NOT gate from NAND gate</p>  <p>AND gate from NAND gate</p>  <p>OR gate from NAND gate</p>  <p>EX-OR gate from NAND gate</p>  | 1<br>1<br>1<br>2 |

|     |   |  |
|-----|---|--|
| 43. | <p>CLR C<br/>     MOVA, #4AH<br/>     MOV R<sub>5</sub>, #35H<br/>     SUBB A, R<sub>5</sub><br/>     MOV R<sub>5</sub>, A</p> <p>Verification: 4AH 0100 1010<br/>     35H 0011 0101 .....1's      0111 1000<br/> <span style="margin-left: 10em;">1</span><br/> <span style="margin-left: 10em;">.....</span><br/> <span style="margin-left: 10em;">1100 1011</span><br/> <span style="margin-left: 10em;">0100 1010</span><br/> <span style="margin-left: 10em;">.....</span><br/> <span style="margin-left: 1em;">1 0001 0101 = 15 positive</span></p> | <span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">2</span>   |
| 44. | <pre># include ,&lt;stdio.h&gt; Main ( ) { Int x,y; Print f(" enter values for x,y\n"); Scan(:%d,%d" &amp;x&amp;y); If( x=y) Printf("x and y are equal); Else Printf("x and y are not equal); }</pre>   | <span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span> |
| 45. | $r_e^l = \frac{26 \text{ mV}}{1.3 \text{ mA}} = 20 \Omega$<br>$A_v = -\frac{R_c \parallel R_L}{r_e^l} = \frac{5K \parallel 5K}{20} = -125$<br>$A_i = \beta = 100$<br>$Z_0 = R_c \parallel R_L = 2.5 \text{ k}\Omega$<br>$A_P = A_v \cdot A_i = 12500$   | <span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span>   |
| 46. | <p>Output of OP-Amp 1</p> $V_{0_{\text{sub}}} = V_{01} + V_{02} :$<br>$V_{01} = -\frac{R_f}{R_1} V_1 = -\frac{30k}{10k} \times 1 = -3V$<br>$V_{02} = \left(1 + \frac{R_f}{R_1}\right) V_B = \left(1 + \frac{30}{10}\right) \times 2 \times \frac{30}{10+30} = 6V$<br>$V_{0_{\text{sub}}} = -3 + 6 = 3V$<br><p>Output of OP-Amp 2 is <math>-\frac{R_f}{R_1} \times 3 = -6V</math></p>  | <span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">2</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span><br><span style="float: right;">1</span>   |

47.

$$P_t = P_c \left( 1 + \frac{ma^2}{2} \right)$$

$$= 20 \left( 1 + \frac{0.7^2}{2} \right) = 24.9 \text{ kW}$$

1

1

$$P_t = P_c + P_{SB}$$

1

$$P_{SB} = P_t - P_c = 2.49 - 20 = 4.9 \text{ kW}$$

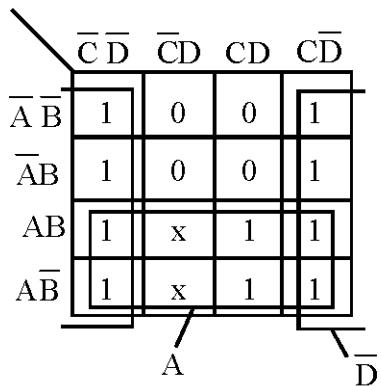
1

$$\text{Power in each side band} = \frac{P_{SB}}{2} = 2.5 \text{ kW}$$

1

48.

$$Y = \Sigma m(0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15) + \Sigma d(9, 13)$$



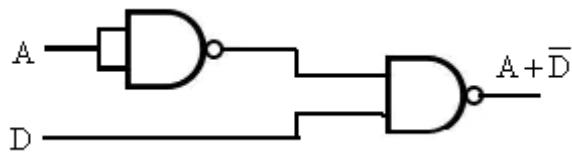
Entering -

1

Grouping each loop

2

$$Y = A + \bar{D}$$



1

1